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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/621,031	07/21/2000	Nils Gura	1004-4282-1	4061
22120	7590 12/16/2004	•	EXAMINER	
	O'BRIEN & GRAHAN PITAL OF TEXAS HW	ODLAND, DAVID E		
SUITE 350	ITTAL OF TEXAS IIW	1.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
AUSTIN, TX	78731		2662	

DATE MAILED: 12/16/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/621,031	GURA ET AL.	GURA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	0 - /			
	David Odland	2662	$\sim$			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence add	ress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a rep ly within the statutory minimum of thirty ( will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH e, cause the application to become ABAI	ly be timely filed  30) days will be considered timely.  IS from the mailing date of this com  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.			
Status `						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 J	<u>uly 2004</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ This	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matter	s, prosecution as to the r	merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under t	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>2-15,17-49 and 51-61</u> is/are pending	in the application.		•			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.	•				
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>35-49,51-57 and 60</u> is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>2-11,25-34,58,59 and 61</u> is/are reject	ted.					
7) Claim(s) <u>12-15 and 17-24</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	- ' '	` '				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached (	Office Action or form PTC	D-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority document						
2. Certified copies of the priority document						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio		eceived in this National S	tage			
application from the International Burea  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list		veeived				
occ the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies flot re	ceivea.				
Attachment(s)	<b>—</b>					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date				
B) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>07/28/2004</u> .		rmal Patent Application (PTO-1	52)			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Response to Amendment

The following is a response to the amendments filed on 07/28/2004. 1.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- Claims 58 and 59 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite 3. for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 58 recites that the first instruction is for receiving 'an indication of the grants' and the second instruction is for accepting 'one of the grants'. These limitations are confusing. The first instruction does not allow the arbiter to receive the actual grant but rather it receives 'an indication' of the grant. Therefore, how can the second instruction accept the actual grant itself. It appears as though the claim should recite that the first instruction receives the grants and not just the 'indication' of the grants.

Claim 58 also recites that the priority used by arbitration mechanism is inversely related to a number of requests 'received by a resource'. This limitation is confusing. The specification discloses that the arbiter receives the requests and grants access to the requesters based on the priority. Thus the requests are not actually received by the resources themselves.

Claim 59 is rejected because it depends on rejected claim 58.

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 2-4,6-11,25-32,34 and 61, as best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Calvignac et al. (USPN 6,370,148), hereafter referred to as Calvignac.

Referring to claim 2, Calvignac discloses a method comprising receiving at one of a plurality of resources, requests for the one resource from a plurality of requesters (the arbiter receives requests from the input adapters who are requesting the output adapters of the crossbar switch, note the arbiter and the output adapters can all be considered 'resources' of the system (see items 110,120 and A,B,C and in figure 1)), and granting the one resource to one of the requesters according to respective requester priorities, the respective requester priorities being inversely related to a number of requests made respectively, by the requesters (the arbiter grants the output adapter requested by the input adapter who has the least number of requests (see column 6 lines 20-35 and figures 1,3 and 5)) and the requesters supplying respective requester priority indications to at least the one resource (the input adapters send requests to the arbiter thus they are providing requester priority indications (see figures 1,3 and 5)). Note, the terms 'requester priority information' can be interpreted broadly to mean any signal send by the input adapters that indicates information used to determine priority. Thus, the number of requests send

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by the input adapters for the different output adapters is used by the arbiter to determine the input adapter priority and thus the number of requests can be considered 'requester priority indications'.

Referring to claim 3, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Furthermore, Calvignac discloses that the requesters respectively supply number of requests as requester priority indications (the input adapters send requests to the arbiter thus they are providing requester priority indications (see figures 1,3 and 5)). Note, the terms 'requester priority information' can be interpreted broadly to mean any signal send by the input adapters that indicates information used to determine priority. Thus, the number of requests send by the input adapters for the different output adapters is used by the arbiter to determine the input adapter priority and thus the number of requests can be considered 'requester priority indications'.

Referring to claims 4, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Furthermore Calvignac discloses granting at least one of the plurality of resources to a requester according to a round robin scheme, thereby avoiding starvation (a double round robin approach is used to form the request and fairness matrices that are used to arbitrate input to output and prevent starvation by making sure all connections are ultimately made (see column 5 lines 31-67 and column 6 lines 55-60)).

Referring to claims 6, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Furthermore Calvignac discloses that the multiple resources evaluate received requests sequentially (the requests are input to the arbiters matrices sequentially (see the matrices in figure 3)).

Referring to claims 7, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Furthermore Calvignac discloses that resources are considered in an order determined according to resource Application/Control Number: 09/621,031

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priority (the arbiter takes into account how much a resource is requests over time to make decisions (see figures 1,3 and 5)).

Referring to claims 8 and 11, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Calvignac does not disclose that when a resource is granted to a requester the requester removes requests for other resources so that multiple grants are not received during arbitration. However, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to implement such features in Calvignac because doing so would make Calvignac operate more efficiently since one request has been granted and being used by the requester there is no need to keep the requests for the other resources since doing so would waste time and space of the system.

Referring to claim 9, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Furthermore Calvignac discloses that the requester priorities are recalculated after a resource is granted (the entire process is repeatedly performed (see claim 1)).

Referring to claim 10, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Furthermore Calvignac discloses that the distributed arbiter performing multiple iterations during one arbitration cycle to allocate resources to requesters (the process is repeated performed (see claim 1)). Note, the claim does not recite any limitations to hoe long the 'arbitration cycle' is, thus the entire life of the arbiter can be considered an 'arbitration cycle' and thus the arbiter repeatedly performs arbitration during this time.

Referring to claims 25 and 26, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Furthermore Calvignac discloses that the resources do not transmit grant indications to requesters (the resources are not involved in sending grant information to the requesters (see figures 5 and 6)), each requester determining grant values according to received information from other

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requesters (the arbiter receives information from other requesters and performs arbitration in order to grant access to one of the requesters (see figures 5 and 6));

the requesters and resources are synchronized in regards to round robin positions (a round robin arbitration is performed and thus they are synchronized for it (see figures 5 and 6)).

Referring to claims 27-31, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Furthermore, Calvignac discloses that each of the requesters provides an indication of priority on a bus logically combining the indications of priority, the priority being related to a number of requests being made by each of the requesters (the arbiter gives one of the input adapters priority to use the bus connecting the input adapter to the output adapter (see figure 1));

wherein the indications of priority are unary coded, one bit corresponding to one request (each request is represented by one bit (see figure 3));

wherein the bus logically combines the indications of priority (the switch operates all the busses at the same time according to the priority that is granted 9see figures 1-3));

wherein the indications of priority are a number of requests of respective requesters (the number of requests are used to determine priority (see figures 5 and 6 and column 6 lines 20-25)); and

further comprising a requester responding to the priority indication on the bus by not sending a request if the priority indication on the bus indicates a higher priority requester is requesting a resource (the requester who sends the least amount of requests is given priority and thus the other requesters are not grants the same resource as that requester (see figures 3-6 and column 6 lines 20-25)).

switch (se figure 1); and

Referring to claims 32 and 34, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above.

Furthermore, Calvignac discloses that the requesters are nodes of a network coupled to input ports of a network switch (the nodes of a network are inherently connected to the input adapter of the switch (see figure 1) and the resources are output ports of the network switch, multiple ones of the output ports being accessible to more than one of the input ports (the resources are output adapters of the switch, wherein the input and output adapters are all interconnected by a

further comprising recalculating requester priorities after each time a resource is granted to a requester (the arbiter arbitrates the resource allocation on an on-going basis (see claim 1, figure 1 and columns 3-7)).

Referring to claim 61, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Furthermore, Calvignac discloses the number of requests is made to different ones of the plurality of resources (the requests are for multiple output adapters and the arbiter (see figure 1)).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claim 5, as best understood, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Calvignac in view of Cooper et al. (USPN 4,648,029), hereafter referred to as Cooper.

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Referring to claim 5, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Calvignac does not disclose that the one resource provides a grant indication to the one of the plurality of requesters. However, Cooper discloses a system wherein resource grant indications are send to the requester that gets access to the resource (see column 19 lines 35-60)). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to implement this feature in the Calvignac system because doing so would make the system more reliable and efficient.

8. Claims 33, as best understood, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Calvignac in view of Davis and further in view of Rehwald et al. (USPN 4,760,521), hereafter referred to as Rehwald.

Referring to claim 33, Calvignac discloses the system discussed above. Calvignac does not disclose that the requesters are processors and the resources are memories. However, Rehwald discloses a system wherein an arbiter is used to arbitrate the use of plural memories by plural processors (see figure 1 and abstract). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to implement the arbiter of Calvignac, as taught in the system of Rehwald, because doing so would give the processing system of Calvignac the same benefits as the input/output adapter connection switching has, namely that of fair and efficient resource arbitration, thereby making Calvignac even more fair and efficient.

### Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claims 35-49, 51-57 and 60 are allowed. Art Unit: 2662

10. Claims 12-15 and 17-24 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 07/28/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

On page 15 regarding claim 2, the applicant argues that Calvignac discloses the priority information being provided to the arbiter and not to one of the resources, as recited in the claim. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. The arbiter of Calvignac can also be considered a 'resource' of the system and thus the priority information is received by one of the resources.

### Conclusion

11. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Odland, who can be reached at (703) 305-3231 on Monday – Friday during the hours of 8am to 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hassan Kizou, can be reached at (703) 305-4744. The fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist, who can be reached at (703) 305-4750.

deo

December 8, 2004

hassan kizou

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